

ÜBUNGEN

Bilden Sie Sätze mit den Wörtern in Klammern. Sätze 1–7 sind in der Gegenwartsform.

- 1 (the office / clean / every day) The office is cleaned every day.
- 2 (these rooms / clean / every day?) Are these rooms cleaned every day?
- 3 (glass / make / from sand) Glass
- 4 (stamps / sell / in a post office)
- 5 (this room / not / use / very often)
- 6 (we / allow / to park here?)
- 7 (how / this word / pronounce?)

Sätze 8–15 sind in der Vergangenheitsform.

- 8 (the office / clean / yesterday) The office was cleaned yesterday.
- 9 (the house / paint / last month) The house
- 10 (three people / injure / in the accident)
- 11 (my bicycle / steal / a few days ago)
- 12 (when / this bridge / build?)
- 13 (you / invite / to the party last week?)
- 14 (how / these windows / break?)
- 15 (I / not / wake up / by the noise)

Korrigieren Sie die Fehler in den Sätzen.

- 1 This house built 100 years ago. This house was built ...
- 2 Football plays in most countries of the world.
- 3 Why did the letter send to the wrong address?
- 4 A garage is a place where cars repair.
- 5 Where are you born?
- 6 How many languages are speaking in Switzerland?
- 7 Somebody broke into our house but nothing stolen.
- 8 When was invented the bicycle?

Vervollständigen Sie die Sätze. Verwenden Sie das Passiv (Gegenwart oder Vergangenheit) folgender Verben:

~~clean~~ damage find give invite make make show steal ~~take~~

- 1 The room is cleaned every day.
- 2 I saw an accident yesterday. Two people were taken to hospital.
- 3 Paper from wood.
- 4 There was a fire at the hotel last week. Two of the rooms
- 5 ‘Where did you get this picture?’ ‘It to me by a friend of mine.’
- 6 Many American programmes on British television.
- 7 ‘Did Jim and Sue go to the wedding?’ ‘No. They but they didn’t go.’
- 8 ‘How old is this film?’ ‘It in 1965.’
- 9 My car last week but the next day it by the police.

Wo sind diese Leute geboren?

- 1 (Ian / Edinburgh) Ian was born in Edinburgh.
- 2 (Sally / Birmingham) Sally
- 3 (her parents / Ireland) Her
- 4 (you / ???) I
- 5 (your mother / ???)

Übersetzen Sie ins Englische:

- 1 Die Straßen werden jeden Tag gereinigt.
- 2 Das Haus wurde gestern im Sturm beschädigt. (beschädigen = **damage**)
- 3 Wann wurde diese Kirche gebaut?
- 4 Zwei Computer wurden gestern aus dem Büro gestohlen.
- 5 Wann sind deine Eltern geboren?
- 6 Welche Sprachen spricht man in Südamerika?
- 7 Zwei Männer wurden gestern von der Polizei festgenommen. (festnehmen = **arrest**)